# NCSL CSFRF ARP Tracking

CSFRF Spending Cat	e Broadband
State	Description
	\$100 million to the Department of Transportation to support expanding broadband infrastructure
	along interstate routes. The project will transition to the Coronavirus Capital Projects Fund once
	those monies are available; at that time, the initial \$100.0 million distribution will revert back to
	the Coronavirus State Fiscal Recovery Fund. (Updated information regarding the Capital Projects
Arizona	Fund from original entry).
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	\$3.25 billion to construct a statewide open-access middle-mile broadband network. (Chapter 84 c
	2021/Assembly Bill 128 amends Chapter 21 of 2021/ Assembly Bill 164, changing the \$1 billion in
California	appropriations previous reported in the database).
	\$522 million for last-mile broadband infrastructure projects.
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	\$35 million to the Broadband Stimulus Account in the Broadband Administrative Fund and
Colorado	appropriates this to the Governor's Office of Information Technology.
	\$35 million to the Digital Inclusion Grant Program Fund and appropriates this to the Governor's
	Office of Information Technology.
	\$5 million to the Interconnectivity Grant Program Fund and appropriates this to the Dept. of Local
	Affairs.
	\$5 million in ARPA funding to establish a grant program that aims to develop broadband access in
Hawaii	unserved and underserved areas of the state.
Indiana	\$250 million to lieutenant governor for the Rural Broadband Fund.
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Kentucky	
	\$20 million (\$10 million in FY 2022 and \$11 million in FY 2023) in one-time funding for the
	expansion of affordable high-speed broadband access in the State, leveraging private funding and
	ensuring long-term benefit for the State through the new Maine Connectivity Authority. The new
	Maine Connectivity Authority will collaborate with organizations representing marginalized and
	historically disadvantaged groups when making determinations regarding the distribution of these
Maine	funds.
Maryland	\$300 million for broadband accessibility.
	\$275 million for communications projects related to broadband, cell towers or public sefety. Less
Mantax -	\$275 million for communications projects related to broadband, cell towers or public safety. Loca
Montana	governments must provide matching funds.
	\$659,734 to the Department of Business and Economic Affairs for the purpose of improving
	broadband infrastructure in support of the Broadband Connectivity Program and three full-time
New Hampshire	temporary positions.
14CW Hallipsille	temporary positions.

## Description

\$500 million to expand broadband access and adoption. The program is expected to be deployed in two parts utilizing \$400 million of the funds; the Distressed County Connectivity Fund and the Broadband Local Match Fund. The Distressed County Connectivity Fund will target projects unserved distressed, at risk counties. Whereas the Broadband Local match Fund will target projects located in political subdivisions supporting projects with local ARPA funds. Additionally, the remaining funds will be used for adoption initiatives including: a residential service temporary subsidy for qualifying households to cover expenses of 100mb/100mb broadband service; for community connectivity to provide connectivity to community anchor institutions to support digital literacy programs in places like schools, libraries, public housing authorities and state parks; connecting downtown business districts with free public wi-fi. Lastly, funds will be used for administrative costs, including contract services for mapping, project certification, technical assistance, grants administration and internal program management.

#### **Tennessee**

## Vermont

\$1.8 million for a broadband infrastructure program to assist Communications Union Districts with preconstruction costs and general support services (updated from original entry).

\$3.2 million for a broadband infrastructure projects, including \$1.6 million for additional assistance under the COVID-Response Line Extension Customer Assistance Program for customer costs for financial assistance (e.g. equipment such as routers and modems); \$1.6 million to extend the COVID-19 Response Temporary Broadband Lifeline Program for broadband service and connected devices.

# Virginia

\$1.5 million budgeted for the 2022-2024 biennium to the Department of General Services for legal and real estate transaction support for agencies that own property to support broadband expansion.

\$479 million to the Department of Housing and Community Development to support broadband access managed and awarded through the Virginia Telecommunications Initiative grant making process; however, the agency may adjust the criteria to reflect the provisions established by the U.S. Department of the Treasury's rules and regulations regarding the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds established under the American Rescue Plan Act.

\$500,000 to the Department of General Services for legal and real estate transaction support for agencies that own property to support broadband expansion.

\$8 million budgeted for the 2022-2024 biennium to the Department of Housing and Community Development for a Line Extension Customer Assistance Program to support the extension of existing broadband networks to low-to-moderate income residents.

\$8 million to the Department of Housing and Community Development for the Line Extension Customer Assistance Program to support the extension of existing broadband networks to low to moderate income residents.

## Washington

\$260 million for broadband infrastructure grants.

### Description

\$100 million for broadband expansion grants. In order to qualify for funding, projects must serve households that lack access to a wireline connection that reliably delivers at least 25 megabits per second (Mbps) download speed and 3 Mbps upload speed ("25/3"). Completed projects must provide service of at least 100/100, or if symmetrical service is not practicable, a project may provide service of 100/20 if it is scalable to 100/100 in the future. Under PSC's grant criteria and federal requirements, funding will be allocated based on the following priority criteria: (a) offered matching funds; (b) use of optical fiber infrastructure; (c) construction of last-mile connections; (d) projects owned, operated, or affiliated with local governments, nonprofits, or cooperatives; (e) implementation of affordability options; (f) construction in areas lacking plans to build service by December 31, 2024; (g) service

options; (f) construction in areas lacking plans to build service by December 31, 2024; (g) service to areas with the least access and highest need; (h) support of households facing negative economic impacts from COVID-19; and (i) operational, technical, planning, and financial capacity to implement a project (updated from original entry).

# Wisconsin

# **Grand Total**

Description

Description

Description